

DON'T BELIEVE THE MYTHS

S.B. 2128 (with Attorney General's proposed amendment)	<u>NOT</u> S.B. 2128
Truth-in-Sentencing Bill	Mandatory-Minimum Sentencing Bill
	Repeat of 2023 legislation
Judges' sentences will be respected and carried out faithfully by the corrections system	Will take away judges' discretion
Parole eligibility after serving 50% of sentence	Eliminates parole
	Parole Eligibility after serving 85% of sentence
Nonviolent offenders can still serve their sentences in halfway houses	Nonviolent offenders have to stay in jail or prison
Other inmates serve 85% of their sentences in correctional facilities before being eligible for halfway houses	Other offenders receive longer sentences
Recovery, re-entry, treatment, counseling and other programs are still available in correctional facilities and halfway houses	Inmates will not be able to participate in programs to get them ready to re-enter society
Parolees and individuals on probation can still reside in halfway houses	Parolees and individuals on probation will be homeless and have no access to re-entry programs
Time off for good behavior must be earned before it is awarded	There is no incentive for good behavior
Time off for good behavior is capped at 15% of a sentence	Time off for good behavior is not available
Inmates will have to be "not likely to escape" before being transferred to halfway houses	Unreasonable restrictions will be placed on the corrections system
Violently resisting arrest, assaulting law enforcement, and felony fleeing will have 14-day or 30-day sentences	The bill is all about imposing long mandatory minimum sentences